Distributed Battle ManagementBattle Management at the Tactical Edge

Industry Day



Start	End	Topic	Presenter
08:30	08:35	Security	Mike Langerman, DARPA SID
08:35	08:40	Welcome	Craig Lawrence, DARPA PM
08:40	09:00	DARPA STO Overview	Nils Sandell, STO Director
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10:20	10:40	Short Break	
10:40	11:40	Q&A Session	Craig Lawrence, DARPA PM
11.40	11.50	Closing Pomarks	Craig Lawronco

Distributed Battle Management Strategic Technology Office

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2/28/2014



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DARPA Strategic Technology Office Contested Environment Strategy and Plans

Nils Sandell, Director

February 28, 2014





Strategic Technology Office (STO) Contested Environment Thrust

STO Systems and Technologies: Core Competencies

- Battle Management/Command and Control (BMC2)
- Communications (C)
- Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR)
- Electronic Warfare (EW)
- Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT)
- System-of-Systems Integration

STO Contested Environment Thrust: Focus Areas

- Air Dominance against Peer Threat
- Undersea Dominance against Peer Threat
- Spectrum Dominance against Peer Threat

Fighting as a Network to Increase

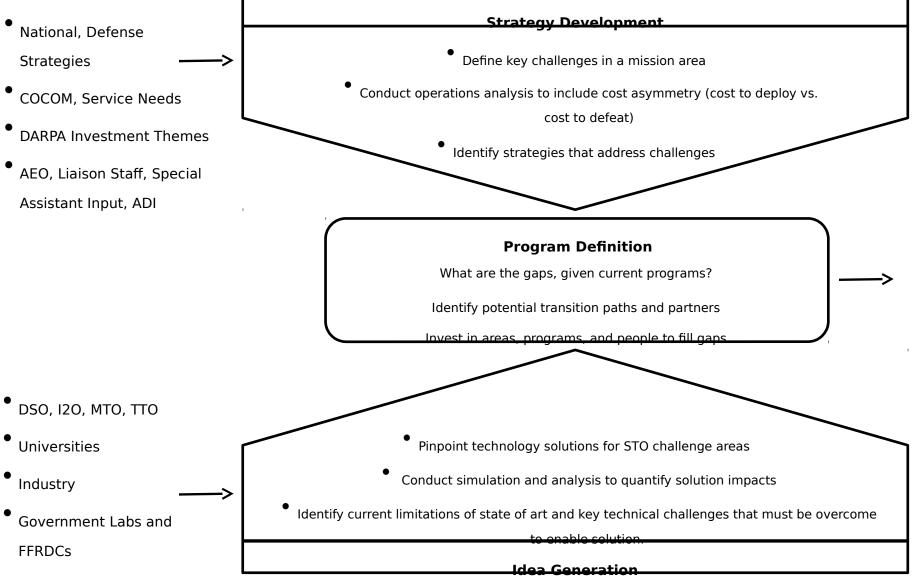
Military Effectiveness, Cost Leverage, and Adaptability

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Program Definition Combines Strategy Development (Top Down) with Idea

Generation (Bottom Up)





Contested Environment Thrust Goals and Potential Approaches

- Goals: Technologies to Help Enable
 - Air, Undersea and Spectral Dominance* Against Peer Threat
 - Agile Insertion of New Technology
 - Positive Cost Leverage
- Potential Approaches
 - Networking of Low Cost Autonomous Platforms with Manned Platforms
 - Electronic Warfare and Electronic Counter-Counter Measures
 - Electro-Optical (EO) Systems
 - Agile, Jam-Resistant Sensing and Navigation
 - Low Probability of Detection/Anti-Jam Communications
 - Distributed, Deep Ocean Active and Passive Sonar
 - Underwater Operations



Contested Environment Challenges and Strategies – BMC2

BM/C2 Challenges

- Integrated strike, communications, ISR and EW planning and real-time control for piloted/unmanned, air/surface/subsurface platforms
- Rapid response to pursue ephemeral engagement opportunities
- Mission- and not just vehicle-level autonomy
- Robustness to limited communications and platform attrition
- Development of user-appropriate technology and acceptance of automation by C2 personnel

BM/C2 Strategies

- Adaptable software incorporating distributed algorithms and protocols
- Experimentation to determine optimal human roles as dictated by situation and Concept of Operations (CONOPS)
- Coevolution of CONOPS and technology

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Distributed Battle ManagementBattle Management at the Tactical Edge

Craig Lawrence, STO Program Manager

Industry Day Presentation

28 February 2014





DISTRIBUTED BATTLE MANAGEMENT (DBM) PROGRAM OVERVIEW



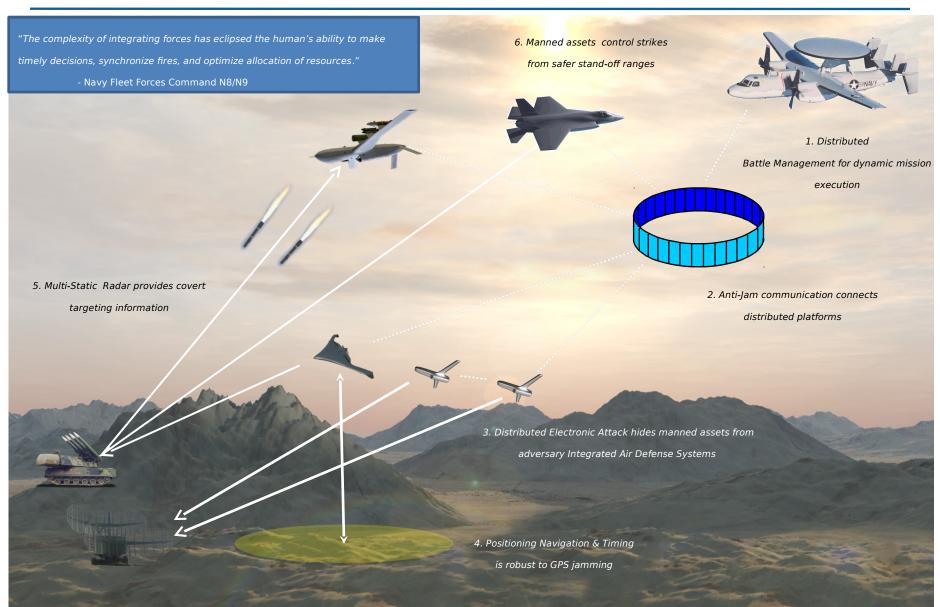
DARPA DBM: Distributed Battle Management

- CONTEXT Peer threat drives a system of systems approach incorporating innovative technologies into the kill chain
 - Innovative and diverse networked technology integrated with legacy systems
- PROBLEM Managing proposed systems of systems with today's battle management requires
 - Coordinated effort by operators and pilots with minimal automation aids
 - Robust network for task coordination and exchange of situation understanding
- ➤ Severe challenge for operators and pilots to manage complexity and scale
- > Communications not assured in contested environments
- SOLUTION Algorithms and software to assist operators and pilots

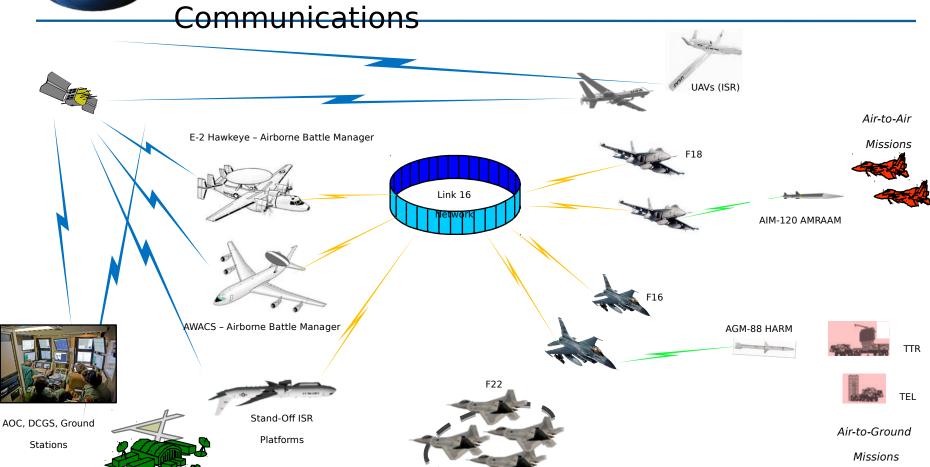
DBM will develop control algorithms and demonstrate robust decision aid software for battle management at the tactical edge



Systems of Systems Multiply the Complexity of the Management Problem



Today's Battle Management is Manual and DARPA Depends on Reach Back and Robust



AWACS = Airborne Warning And Control System

AMRAAM = Advanced Medium Range Air-to-Air Missile

AOC

AOC = Air Operations Center

DCGS = Distributed Common Ground Station

ISR = Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance

TEL = Transporter Erector Launcher

TTR = Target Tracking Radar

UAV = Unmanned Aerial Vehicle

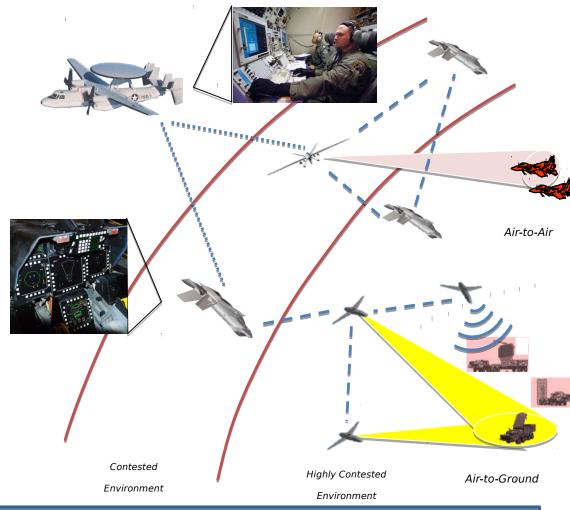
HARM = High-speed Anti-Radiation Missile

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Pushing Battle Management to the Tactical Edge Enables Innovative CONOPS in Contested Environment

- System of Systems (SoS)
 - Architecture incorporating innovative technologies and legacy capabilities
 - Disaggregated and fractionated capabilities
- DBM Challenges
 - Distributed Adaptive Planning and Control
 - Distributed Situation Understanding
 - Human-Machine Integration

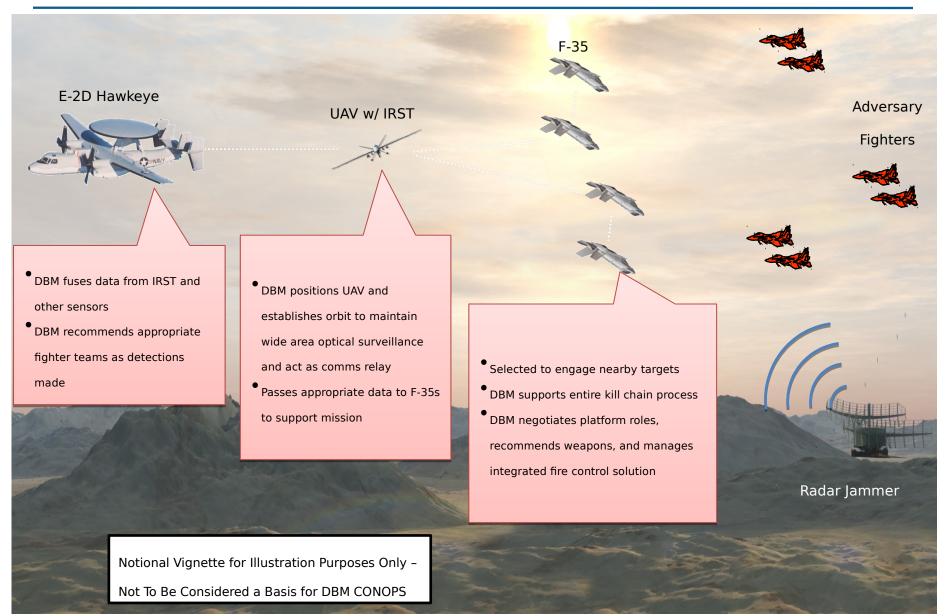


Battle Management Algorithms and Software Needed to Help Pilots and Operators Manage Scale and

Complexity with Limited Communications

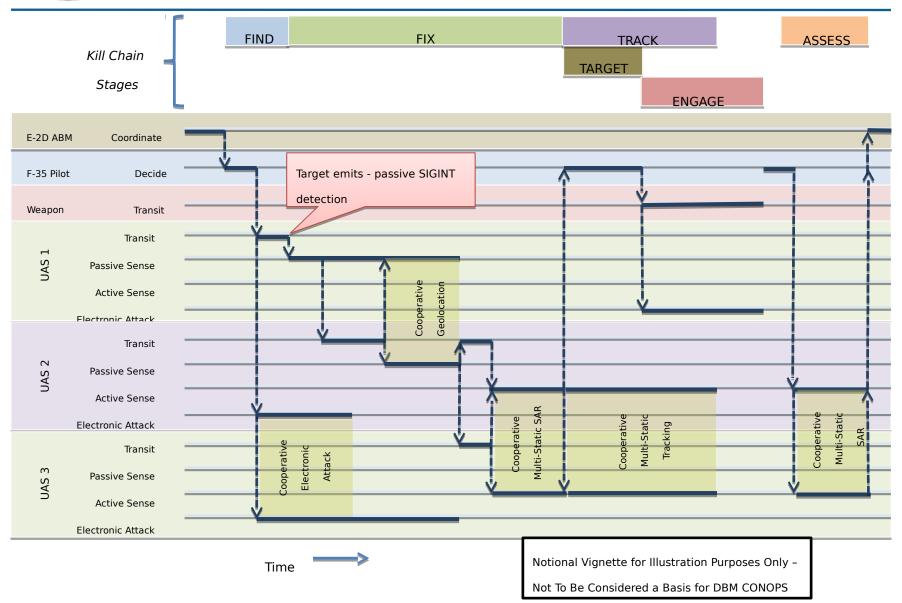


DARPA Illustrative Vignette – Air-to-Air





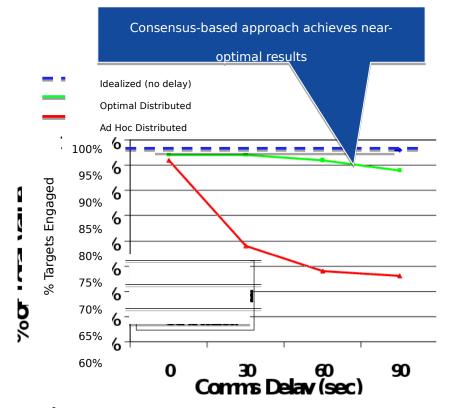
DARPA Illustrative Vignette – Air-to-Ground





Challenge: Distributed Adaptive Planning and Control Manages Resources

- Planning and control of platforms and mission systems
- Available Technology
 - Optimization-based weapon-target pairing, asset routing, and ISR scheduling
 - Autonomous coordinated control centralized planning w/ assured comms
 - Collaborative teaming in comms limited environment
- DBM Program
 - Robust real-time implementations of algorithms
 - Integration into on-board software
 - Demonstrate in realistic peer threat environment – simulation and live fly

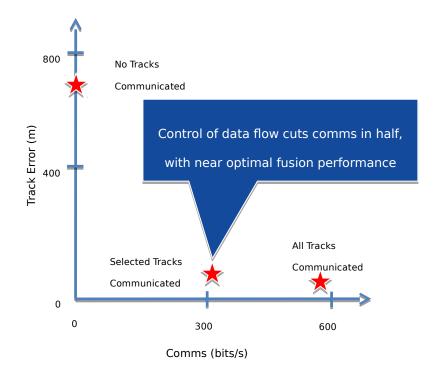


- AFRL distributed control program
- 4 Air Vehicles Against 32 SAMS and 16 C2 Facilities
- Comms model: Link 16 with parameterized delays

Near Optimal Planning Can Be Achieved at the Tactical Edge

Challenge: Distributed Situation UNDERPA Understanding Develops Dynamic Estimates

- of the Situation
- Estimate blue and red force position, ID, and status
- Available Technology
 - Multi-hypothesis and graph-based tracking and fusion algorithms
 - Distributed data fusion algorithms
 - Consensus algorithms for distributed decision making
- DBM Program
 - Robust real-time implementation of algorithms – emphasis on data sharing problem
 - Integration into on-board software
 - Demonstrate in realistic peer threat



David Akselrod, et al., "Information Flow Control for Collaborative Distributed Data Fusion and Multisensor Multitarget Tracking," *IEEE Transactions on Systems, Man, and Cybernetics*

Common Operational Picture Constructed with Reduced Comms



Challenge: Human-Machine Integration (HMI) for Situation-Dependent Level of Control

- Enable operator and pilot teams to quickly
 - Comprehend situation
 - Manage kill chains
- Available Technology
 - Mixed-initiative planning
 - Multi-function displays
 - Adaptable autonomy
- DBM Program
 - Experimental effort to determine pilot / operator role
 - Determine information needed to support role
 - Displays to best present information and enable control



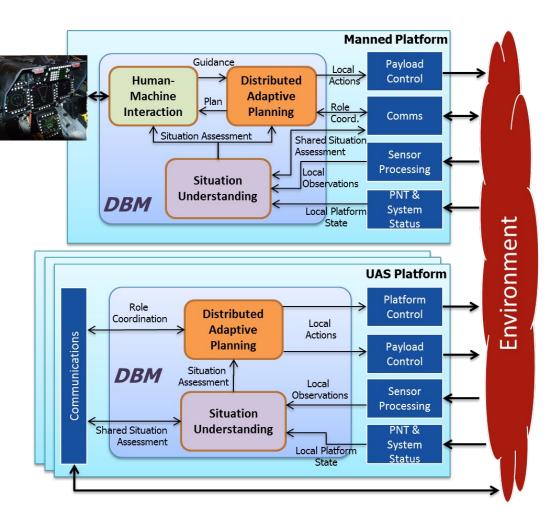


Managing the Battle from a Tactical Platform



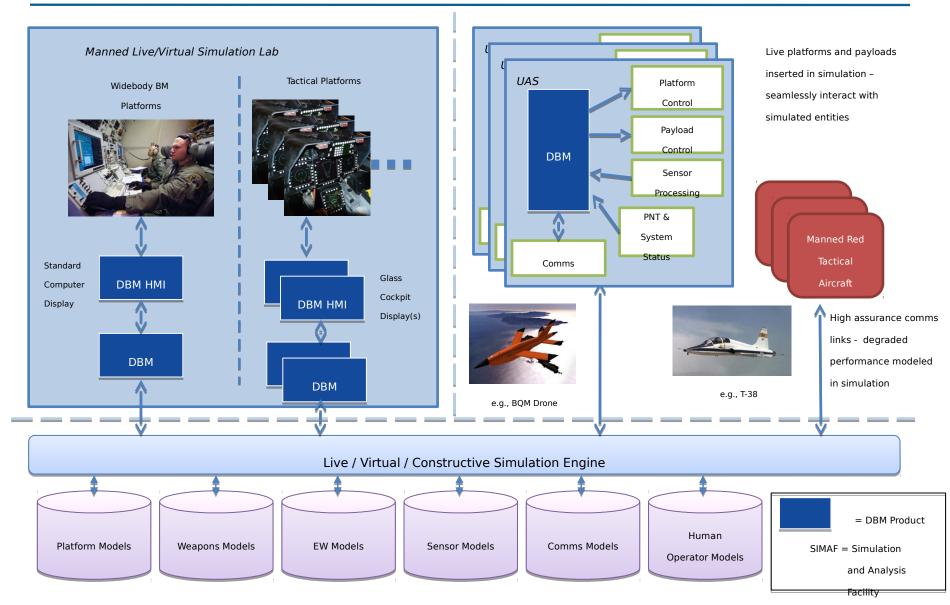
The Systems Integrator Will Make the DBM Concept a Reality

- Systems Engineering
 - CONOPS and Requirements
 - Functional Decomposition and Architecture
 - Interface Descriptions
 - Including Message Sets for Integration into On-Board Software
- Software Framework for Integration of Algorithms into On-Board Software
- Integration and Test
- Conduct Live / Virtual Demonstrations
 - Provide the platforms





Test Environment Enables Integration of Live and Virtual – Leverage Existing Capabilities (e.g., SIMAF)





DBM Metrics and Goals Will Be Refined By Government Team Based on Calibrated Baseline Scenarios

Metric Class	Examples
Mission Effectiveness	Missions effectiveness (e.g., targets prosecuted) relative to effectiveness in permissive communications environment for government-defined scenario
Situation Understandin g	Ratio of average target error relative to average target error in permissive environment for government-defined scenario
Capacity	Number of aircraft managed during real-time execution
Operator / Pilot Workload	Number of operators required for battle management, percentage of time spent interacting with DBM tools
System Flexibility	Time required to update software for new capability (aircraft, sensor, technique, etc.)



Transition is a Challenge for a Disruptive Capability - Developing a Strategy Now is Essential

- Develop solutions compatible with emerging service standards to enable integration of program's mission applications on platforms
 - Air Force / Rapid Capability Office (RCO) Open Mission Systems (OMS)
 - Navy PMA 209 Future Airborne Capability Environment (FACE)
- Build engaging relationships with key stakeholders cultivate the operational imperative & concepts
 - Start now before contract award to help shape program direction
 - Invite participation in program e.g. defining challenge problems; supporting demonstrations / experimentation; providing ops inputs to integrated product teams

Work with Operators and Pilots From Day One to Ensure We are Solving the Right Problems and on Track for Transition

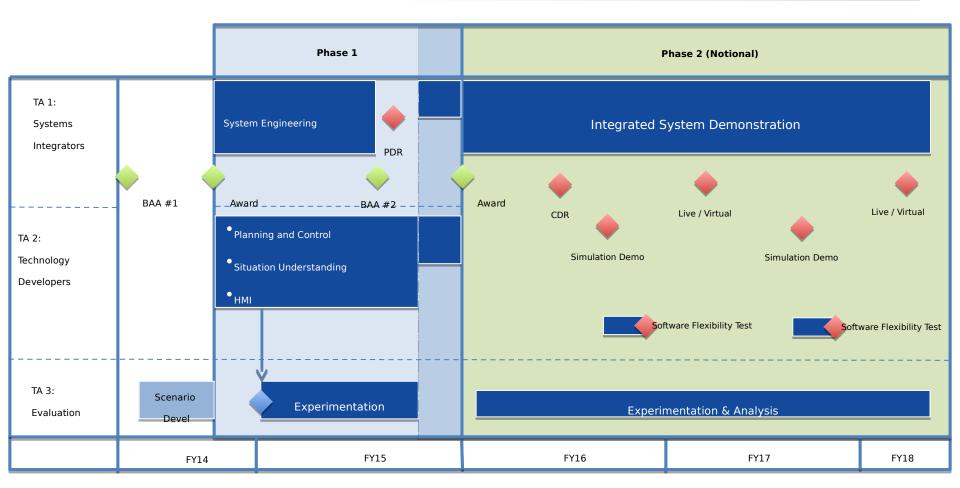


PHASE 1 DETAILS



Phase 1 Emphasis Is on Design and Development of Critical Enabling Technologies

- Technical Area 1 DBM Systems Integration
 - Concept of Operations
 - Requirements
 - Design Allocated Baseline
 - Technical Plan
 - Risk and Cost Analysis
- Technical Area 2 DBM Technology Development
 - Identify Best-of-Breed Algorithms and Refine For Robustness and Integration
 - Distributed Adaptive Planning and Control
 - Distributed Situation Understanding
 - Human-Machine Integration Work with Users to Develop Prototypes
 - Rigorous Simulation-Based Testing in Increasingly More Complex, Realistic Environments



PDR = Preliminary Design Review

CDR = Critical Design Review



System Integrator: Phase 1 Culminates in a Preliminary Design Review

- Allocated Baseline
 - All system-level functional performance requirements
 - All external interfaces to the system
 - All internal interfaces of the system
 - Verification requirements
 - Design constraints
- Technical Plan
 - Integrated Master schedule for Phase 2
 - Performance metrics and performance goals
 - Capability increments
 - Trade studies
 - Software development plan
- Review Trade Study Results
- Risk and Cost Assessments



DARPA System Integrator: Phase 1 Deliverables

REVIEW 1 - Month 1

Program Kick-Off

REVIEW 2 - Month 4

DBM Conceptual Design Review (CoDR)

REVIEW 3 - Month 7

DBM System Requirements Review (SRR)

REVIEW 4 - Month 11

DBM Preliminary Design Review (PDR)

The final deliverable for Phase 1 will be the Phase 1 Final Report, due in month 12.

Technical Interchange Meetings (TIMs) will be held concurrent with these reviews and will include the TA2 performers.



Technology Developers: Phase 1 Schedule, Deliverables

- Program Kick-Off
 - Month 1
 - Performers present proposed technical approach and program plan
 - Government plans to present challenge problems and scenarios
- Quarterly Reviews and TIMs
 - Reviews nominally in months 4, 7, and 11
 - Reviews held in conjunction with program-wide TIMs
 - TIMs will be open to TA 1 System Integrators
- Experimentation / Software Deliverables
 - Software deliveries to government testbed schedule TBD
 - Testbed ICDs will be developed jointly with government and performers
 - Final software delivered to government at end of Phase 1
- Final Report



DARPA Technology Developers: Phase 1 Objectives (1 of 2)

- All TA 1 Performers
 - Support development of interfaces between
 - Distributed Adaptive Planning and Control
 - Distributed Situation Understanding
 - HMI
 - Testbed
 - Support experimentation at government testbed
- Distributed Adaptive Planning and Control Objectives
 - Develop algorithms and software to
 - Determine / negotiate tasking authority based on situation
 - Assign / negotiate roles to platforms
 - Route assets
 - Weapon-target pairing
 - Payload scheduling (sensors, EW, ...)
 - and more...
 - Support local decision-making in near real time
 - Support task execution level autonomy for unmanned systems



Technology Developers: Phase 1 Objectives (2 of 2)

Distributed Situation Understanding

- Develop a representation of the state information (blue force and red force) required to support distributed battle management planning and control.
- Investigate and implement appropriate fusion and tracking algorithms
- Develop protocols regarding what data should be communicated, to whom
 it should be communicated, and when it should be delivered
- Design techniques for processing data locally in order to minimize the amount of data to be transferred.

Human-Machine Integration

- Design displays and iterate with operators and pilots
- Emphasis is on using existing displays in airborne battle management and fighter platforms – no new hardware
- Integrate prototypes into existing airborne battle management terminals and tactical platform multi-function displays (glass cockpit mock-ups)



DARPA Security Highlights

- The government expects the majority of the work to be performed at the SECRET level
 - Performers should have facilities and personnel cleared to support development at that level
- Key elements of the security strategy
 - UNCLASSIFIED Association of general problem formulation classes (as defined in the open literature) with the DBM program
 - UNCLASSIFIED Algorithms for solving problems in classes identified as relevant for DBM when not tailored for military capabilities or scenarios
 - SECRET Problem formulation, solution design, and algorithm development when tailored to military capabilities (real or representative) and scenarios
 - SECRET (or higher) Information revealing DBM system operational performance
- It is highly desirable for performers to have at least one person clearable to the TS//SCI level



DARPA Submission Highlights

- Abstracts
 - DARPA will be accepting 5-page abstracts highly encouraged!
 - Opportunity to receive feedback in advance of committing to full proposal
- Proposers May Bid on Both TA 1 and TA2
 - Must submit separate proposals
 - Multiple thrusts in TA 2 may be combined into one proposal
- Evaluation Criteria
 - Overall Scientific and Technical Merit
 - Potential Contribution and Relevance to the DARPA Mission
 - Realism of Proposed Schedule
 - Proposer's Capabilities and/or Related Experience
 - Cost Realism

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Life Cycle Management Center



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SIMAF Overview



6 February 2014

Timothy Menke,

Technical Director, AFLCMC/XZS (SIMAF)

937-938-3772 (DSN 798)

timothy.menke@us.af.mil





Overview

- Mission
- Analysis Cycle
- Capability Focus
- SE Processes

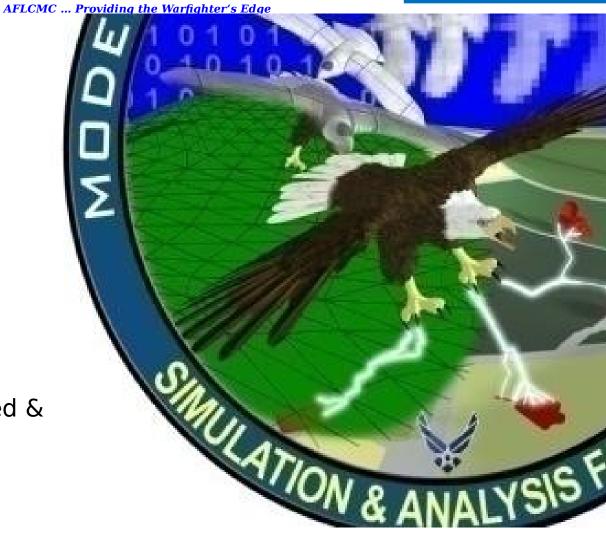
Projects

- ANI repository
- ISR data repository
- Human Interfaces

Vision

Where we are headed & Why?

Summary







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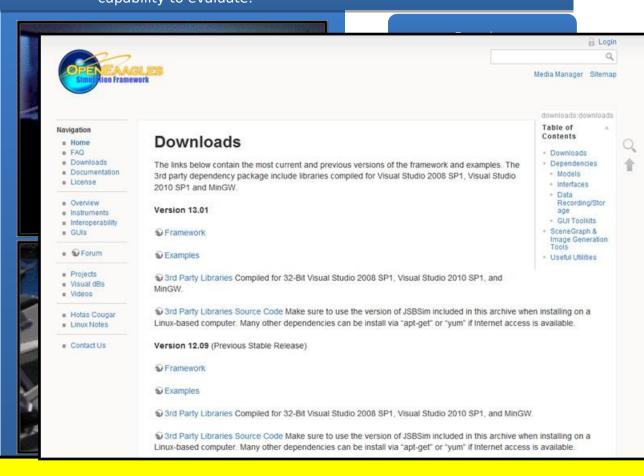


SIMAF Mission

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Mission: SIMAF provides a real-time, high-fidelity, virtual and constructive synthetic battle space analysis capability to evaluate:





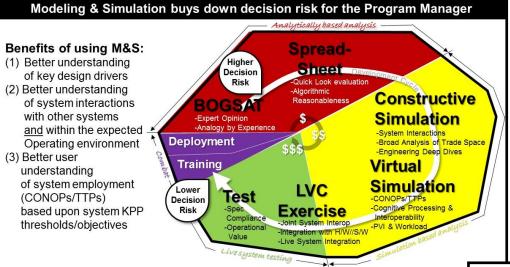
SIMAF utilizes a government owned real time M&S framework known as "EAAGLES"



Overview Analysis Cycle



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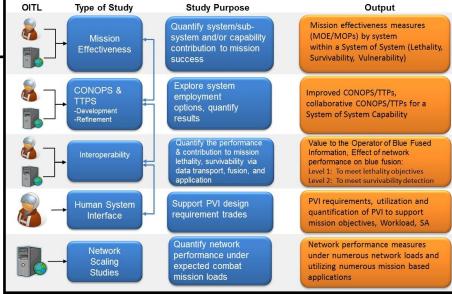
• Analytically Based

- Ops Research Foundation
- Executed using a proven System Engineering

 Process
- Designed around a Government Owned, Non-Proprietary, PC Based, Real-Time, C++, Object-Oriented framework

Modeling and Simulation can quantify Risk into meaningful, measureable, & actionable metrics!

Proven the process and framework through
the building of Airborne networking
applications (models) and network topologies
to support our customers analytic objectives





SIMAF Overview



AFL Capability Focials Areas

Interoperability

- Blue Force Communication Compatibility

Net Centric Warfare

- Blue Force Integrated Mission Effectiveness

Full Mission Assessment

- Blue-on-Red and Red-on-Blue Mission Assessment

Electronic Warfare

- RF Jamming, Communication Jamming, GPS Denial

Manned and Unmanned Air Vehicles

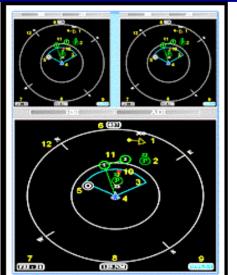
- Fighter/Bomber, RPA, Integrated Ops

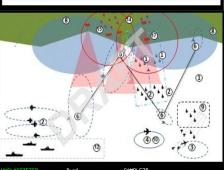
Intelligence, Surveillance, Reconnaissance

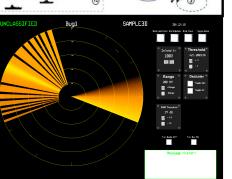
Integrated Air & Space ISR with DCGS effects*

Integrated Air Defense Systems

- Real-time Integrated IADS
- Manned/Unmanned Displays, ECM/ECCM effects









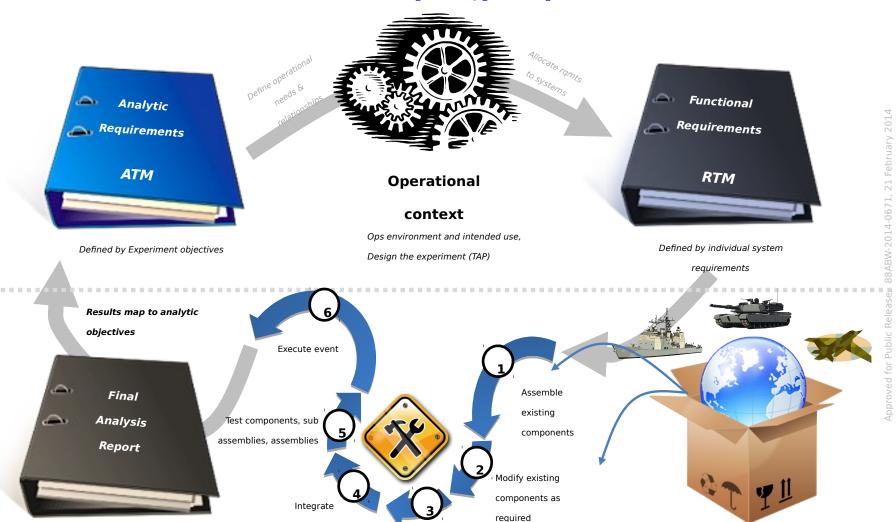
Rqmts Development

S/W Development

Overview **Engineered Environment**







Product of 7 years of applied systems engineering process development! We cut our cycle time in half! We uniquely





Overview

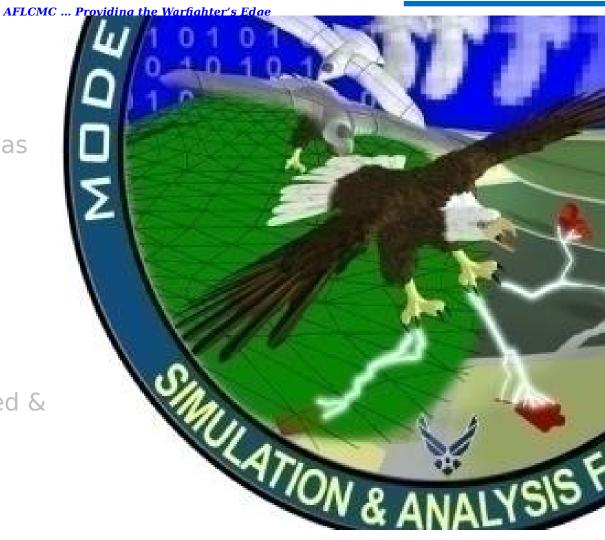
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Infrastructure- AF M&S ANI Repository

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GAP: AF need for data link models to support

Live-Virtual-Constructive (LVC) assessments of

AF Enterprise Interoperability requirements

SIMAF created "real-time" emulative

Quality models known as "Terminal Model Applications" or "TMAs"

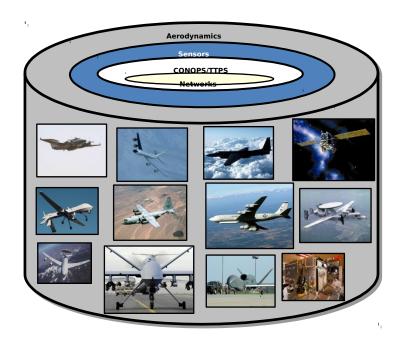
"TMAs" support operator-in-the-loop mission based assessments and can run with hardware at the Data Link Test th Facility (DTF) located at the 46 TS @ Eglin AFB





Infrastructure- AF ISR Data Repository

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GAP: AF need for validated & sustained ISR database to support Air Force Studies

SIMAF was tasked, by HAF/A2, to build and sustain an ISR database for the AF

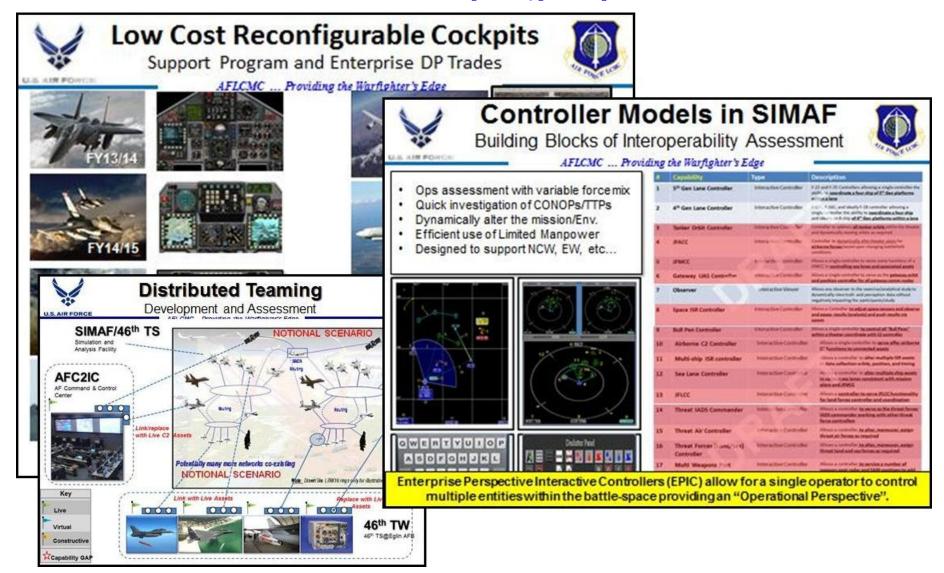
• Database will support FY13 and beyond studies and serve to support other analysis organizations throughout the Air Force





Infrastructure- Human Interfaces/Cockpits

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AIR FORCE LONE

Distributed Studies - AGILE* Fire

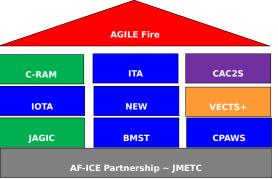
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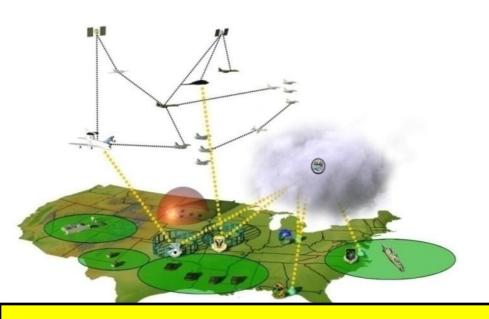
*Air Ground Integrated Layer Exploration



The AF-ICE team is built on a solid partnership between test ranges (live), simulation facilities (virtual), and industry/government models (constructive).







- **1.** <u>Common Theme</u>: Explore system interoperability, integration procedures and information exchange requirements *within and between* space, air and ground domains to execute *operational realistic mission threads*.
- **2. Event Objective**: AGILE provides a cost effective, *analytically based* experimental venue to allow customers to share assessment costs while benefiting from multiple enterprise related programs and initiatives.
- 3. ROI: The Return on Investment is maximized by focusing the venue on

Success Criteria

- Quantifiable IMPACTS to the participants: AGILE Fire testing finds system interoperability gaps!
- Cost effective: Services pay for their own participating infrastructure. Programs bring their data!

Value added: Repeat Customers, Problems found and fixed: Combat success!





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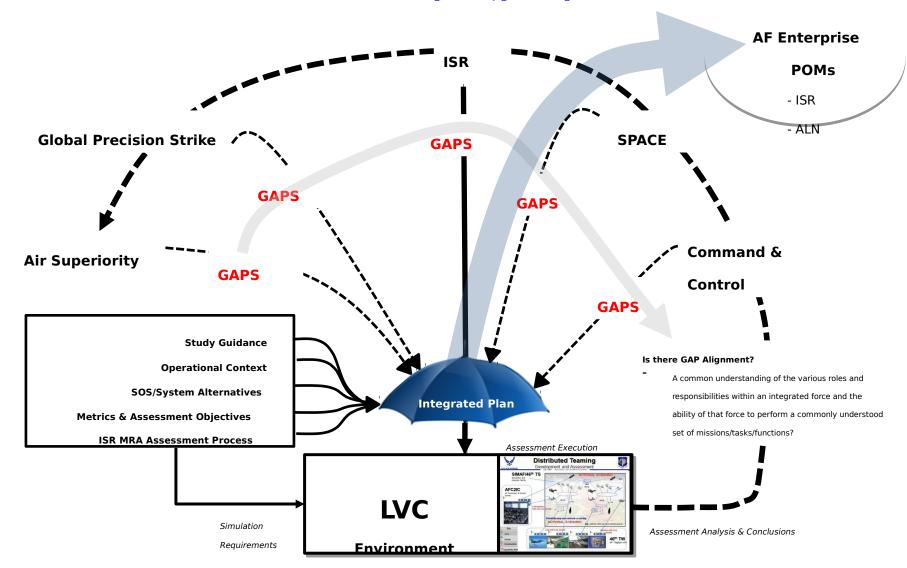


Vision: Top Level Study Schematic



Strategic Assessment

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Summary



AFLCMC ... Providing the Warfighter's Edge

SIMAF views itself as an integration "center"

- An enabler for integrated capabilities to emerge
- War-Fighters, Technologies, Industry to converge on "solutions"
- Integrated Cross Domain Capabilities

Vision: Stand up a Government V-I-C Capability

- Salient test is whether Prime Weapon System Contractors are comfortable allowing their proprietary data in the facility.
- Ideal environment is a well designed federation of Contractor models within a Government Environment
- Consistent with other AF and DOD approaches

Concrete steps in FY14 towards that goal

- Broader analytic focus including support for the ISR Enterprise
- SIMAF is working with the AF team to develop that process
- ISR Focus is also consistent with DOD approaches

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Start	End	Topic	Presenter
08:30	08:35	Security	Mike Langerman, DARPA SID
08:35	08:40	Welcome	Craig Lawrence, DARPA PM
08:40	09:00	DARPA STO Overview	Nils Sandell, STO Director
09:00	10:00	DBM Concept	Craig Lawrence, DARPA PM
10:00	10:20	SIMAF Overview	Walt March, SIMAF
10:20	10:40	Short Break	
10:40	11:40	Q&A Session	Craig Lawrence, DARPA PM
11.40	11.50	Closing Pomarks	Craig Lawronco

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- Key Dates
 - Posting Date: February 21, 2014
 - Industry Day: February 28, 2014
 - Questions Due Date: March 7, 2014
 - Proposal Abstract Due Date: March 11, 2014
 - Proposal Due Date: April 22, 2014
- Email address: DARPA-BAA-14-17@darpa.mil
- STO's BAA Website: http://stobaa.darpa.mil